

The "warning" mode of the exo channel: overview

Detection in real time for triggering the oversampling capacity



Interest for oversampled LCs

- Scientific interest:
 - To better define ingress and egress of transits
 - ⇒ Limb darkening (atmospheres)
 - ⇒ Shifts in the timing of transit (systems of planets)
 - ⇒ Asymmetry of the transit shape (rings, moons, ...)
 - To help finding secondary transits (eclipsing binaries)
- By products:
 - ⇒ Weaker instrumental noises (non piling up on board)
 - ⇒ Deeper possibilities of data corrections (« glitches », etc..)



The functions

- → To warn us that something looking like a transit is found in a lightcurve
- → To trigger oversampling in the LC and wait for other transit events

What is found after detection can be:

- ⇒ A true signal that is indeed due to a planet
- ⇒ A noise feature confused with a transit signal (false alarm)
- ⇒ A true signal that is due to a non planetary event (EB, …)

To decide oversampling we need:

- ⇒ a confidence level in the detection
- ⇒ a likelihood index that a detected event be a planetary one



Warning mode: schematics

E



Pipeline

CMC

N1 DATA

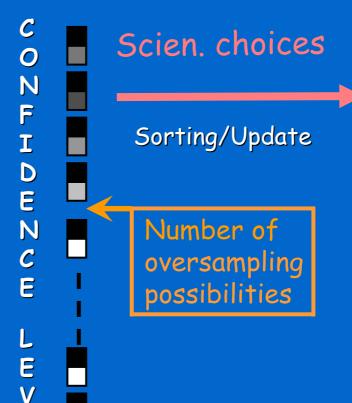
Early detection

1st order algorithm

Provides detections with confidence level

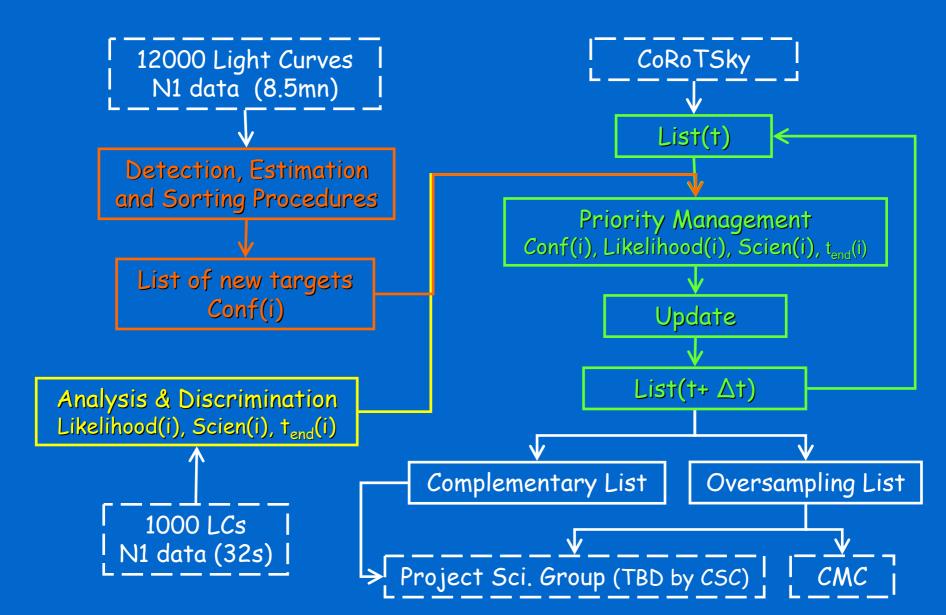
→ LCs sorting

Tuning parameter





Warning Mode: general view





Timing for the warning mode

