

# Seismic analysis of HD 49330 from CoRoT and spectroscopic data

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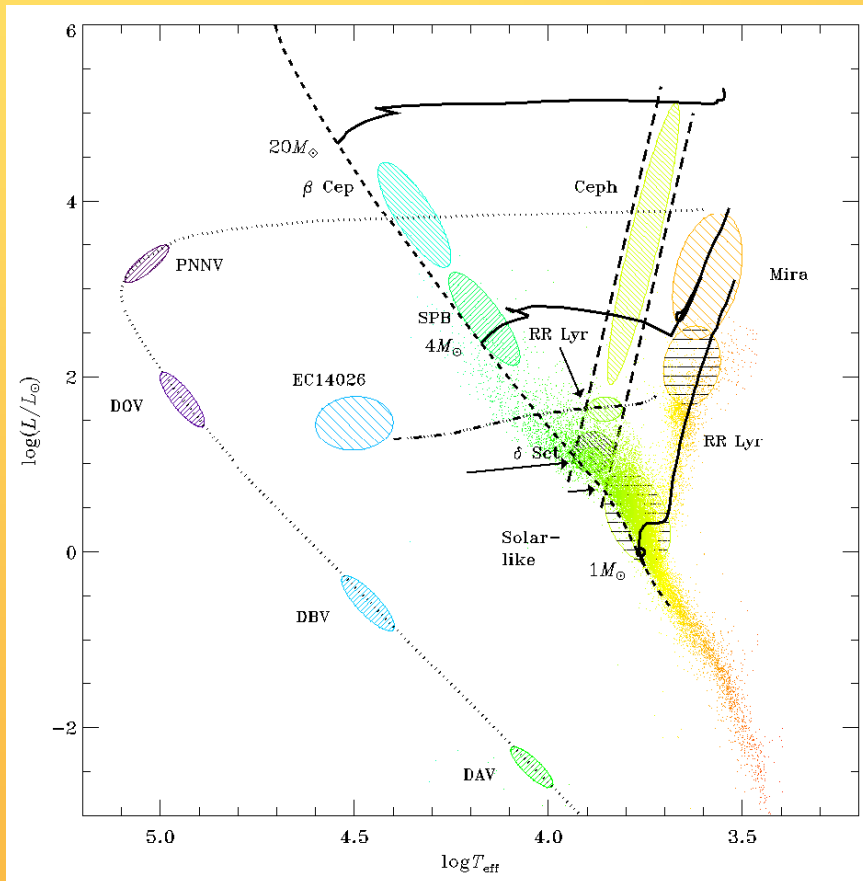
# Outline

- Be stars
- HD 49330
- Previous observations of HD 49330
- CoRoT photometric analysis
- Ground-based spectroscopic analysis
- Conclusion

# Be stars

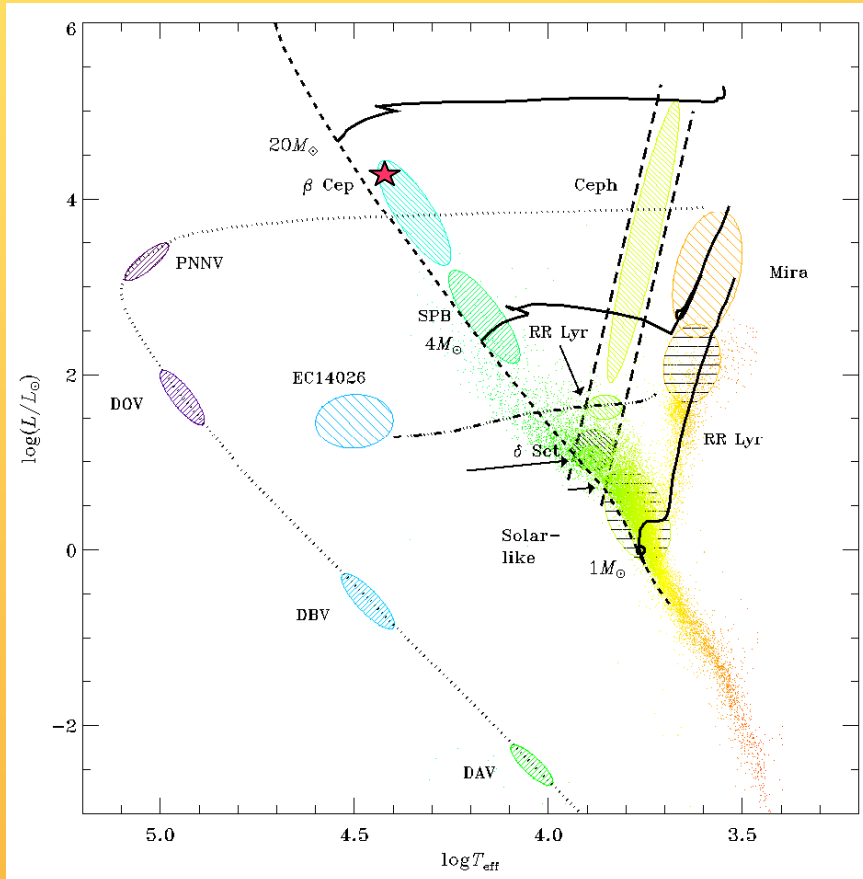
- Main sequence B stars with **Balmer emission lines**
- Circumstellar disk
- **Outbursts**
- **Rapidly rotators** (88% critical velocity)
- 20% of B stars
- **Photometric & spectroscopic variabilities**
- Located in instability strips ( $\beta$  Cep, SPB)
- Non Radial Pulsations
- **p & g modes**

# Be stars



- **Photometric & spectroscopic variabilities**
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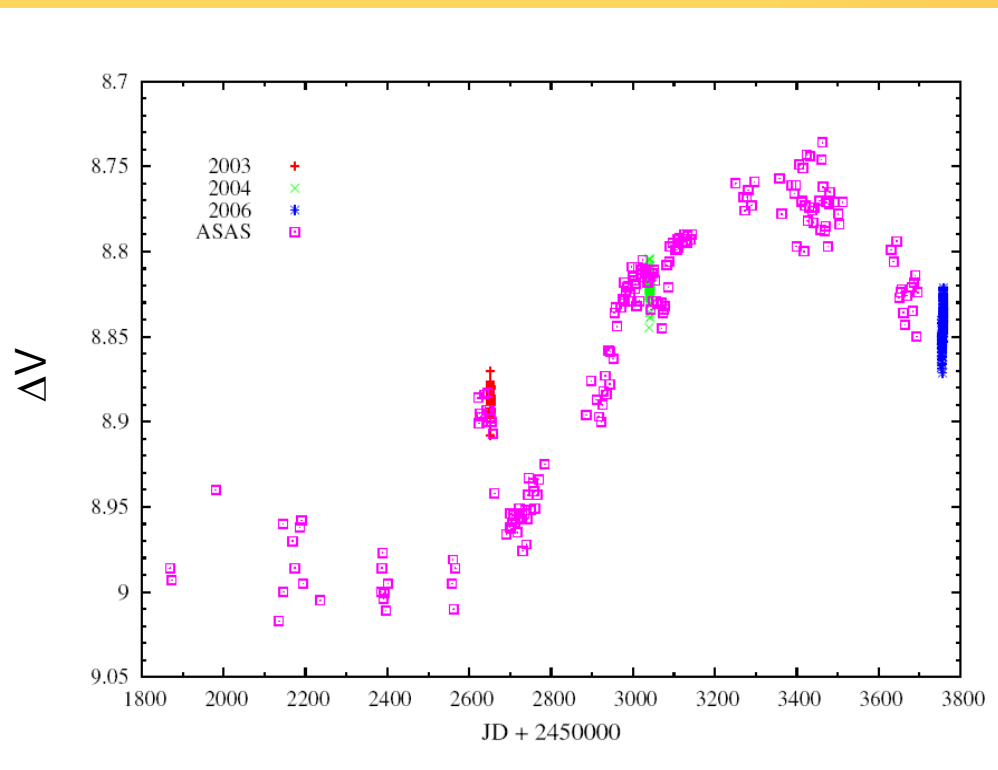
# HD 49330



- **Early Be star (B0.5Ive)**
- Located in the  $\beta$  Cep instability strip in the HR diagram
- Fundamental parameters (Frémat et al. 2006)
- $T_{\text{eff}} \simeq 27000\text{K}$
- $\text{Log } g = 3.8$
- **$V \sin i = 270 \text{ km/s}$**
- $\text{Log } L/L_{\odot} = 4.30$
- $M/M_{\odot} = 12.80$

# HD 49330

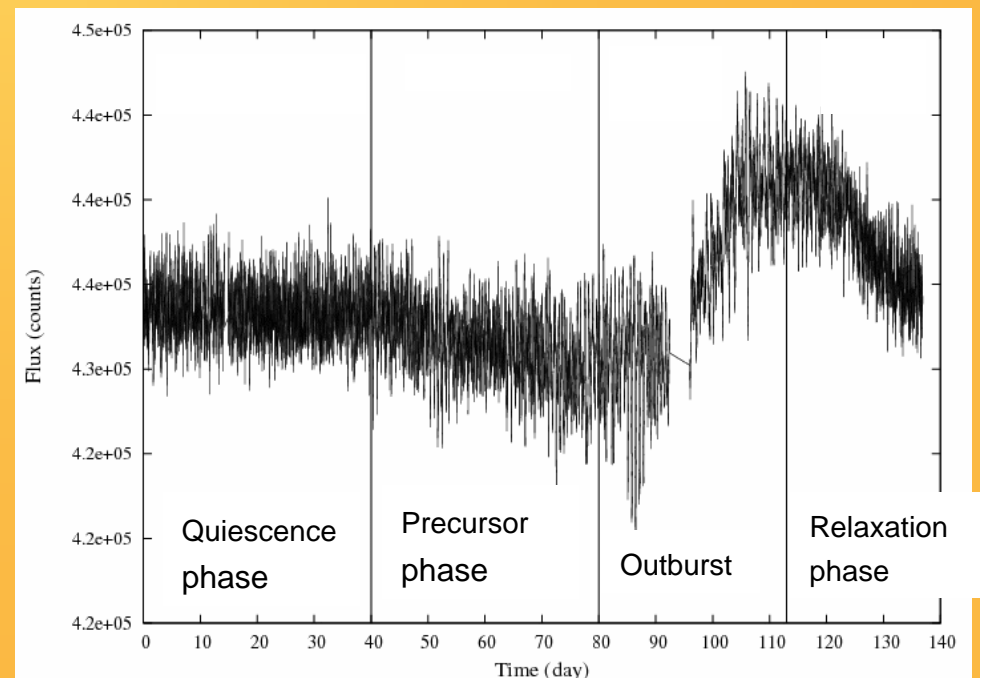
- Observed during **ground-based campaign** (ASAS , OSN) (Gutiérrez-Soto et al. 2006)



- **Light variability with several time scales**
- Long term variability ( $\sim 2000$  days)
- Short term variability (2.13 c/d – 24.65  $\mu$ Hz & 3.53 c/d – 40.86  $\mu$ Hz)
- **Outbursts**

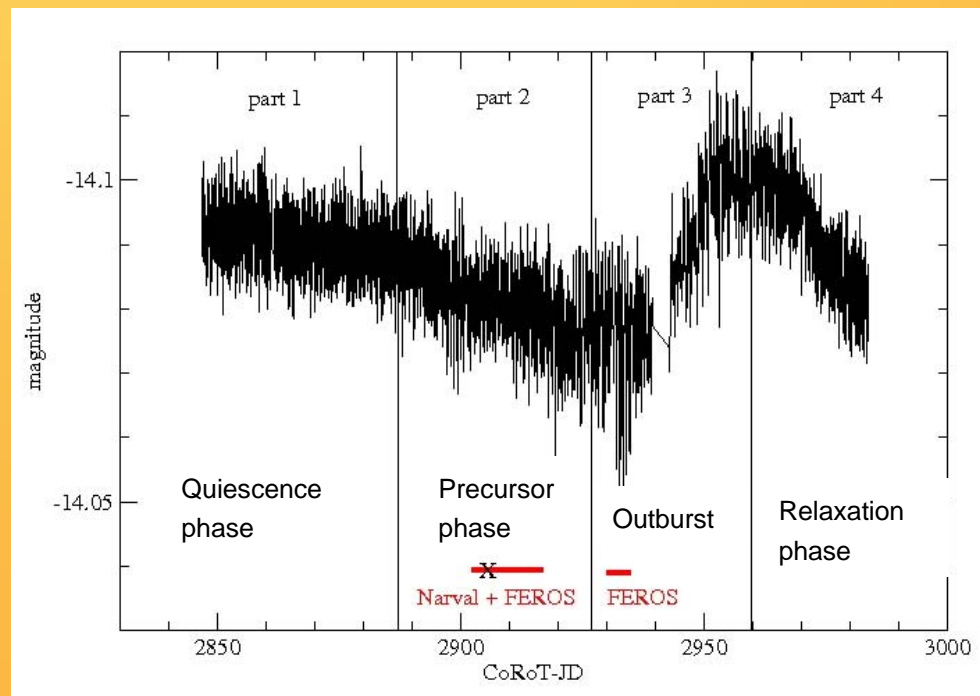
# CoRoT observations

- **LRA01 anticenter** observed from October 18 2007 to March 3 2008
- Loss of data
- Light curve shows an **outburst of 0.03 mag**
- Analogy with  $\mu$  Cen (Rivinius et al. 1998)
  - **Quiescence phase**
  - **Precursor phase**
  - **Outburst**
  - **Relaxation phase**



# Spectroscopic observations

- **Narval** @ TBL, Pic du Midi, France (Dec. 12-19 2007)
- **FEROS** @ La Silla, Chile (Dec. 18-28 2007 & Jan. 10-14 2008)
- Lucky because observations just before the outburst



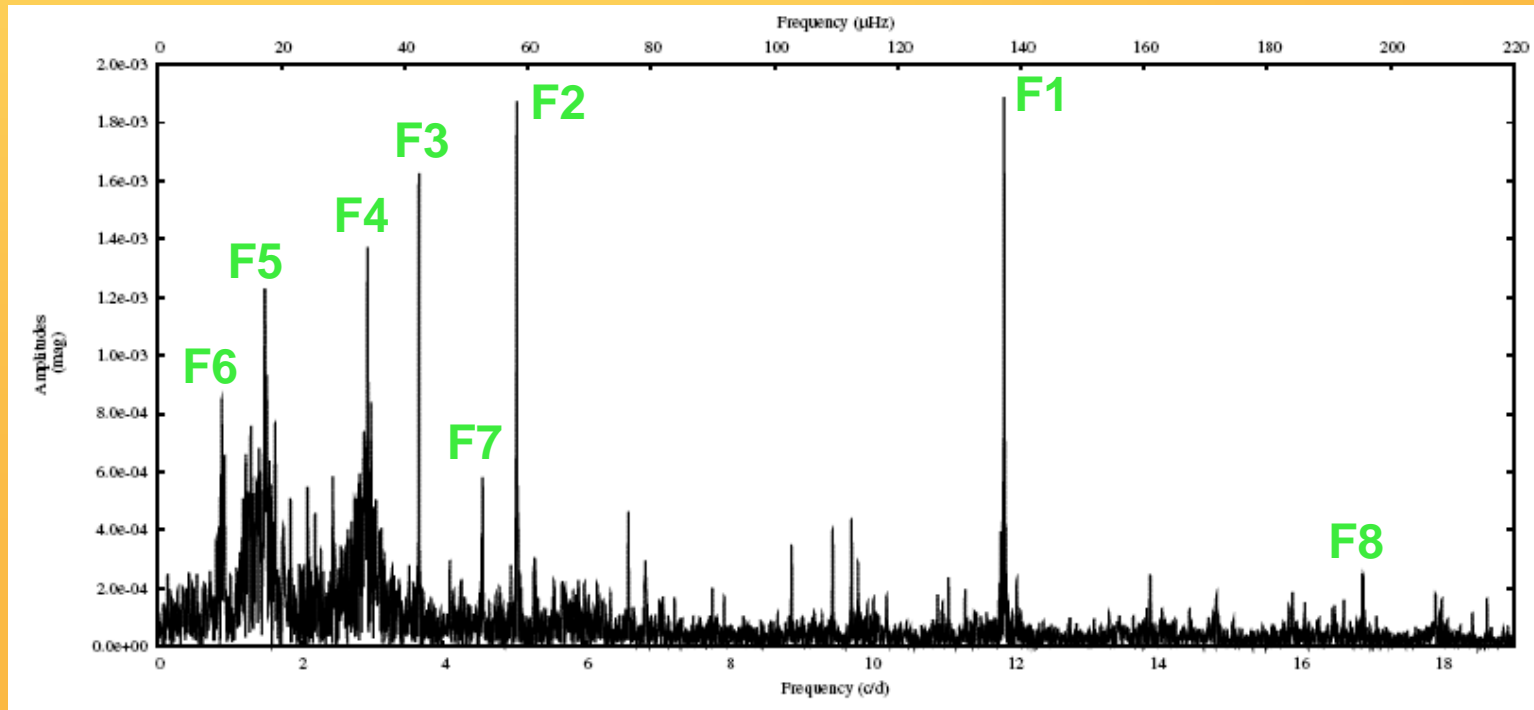


# Analysis of CoRoT data

- Analysis of the whole light curve
- Analysis of the four phases of the outburst
- Time-frequency analysis

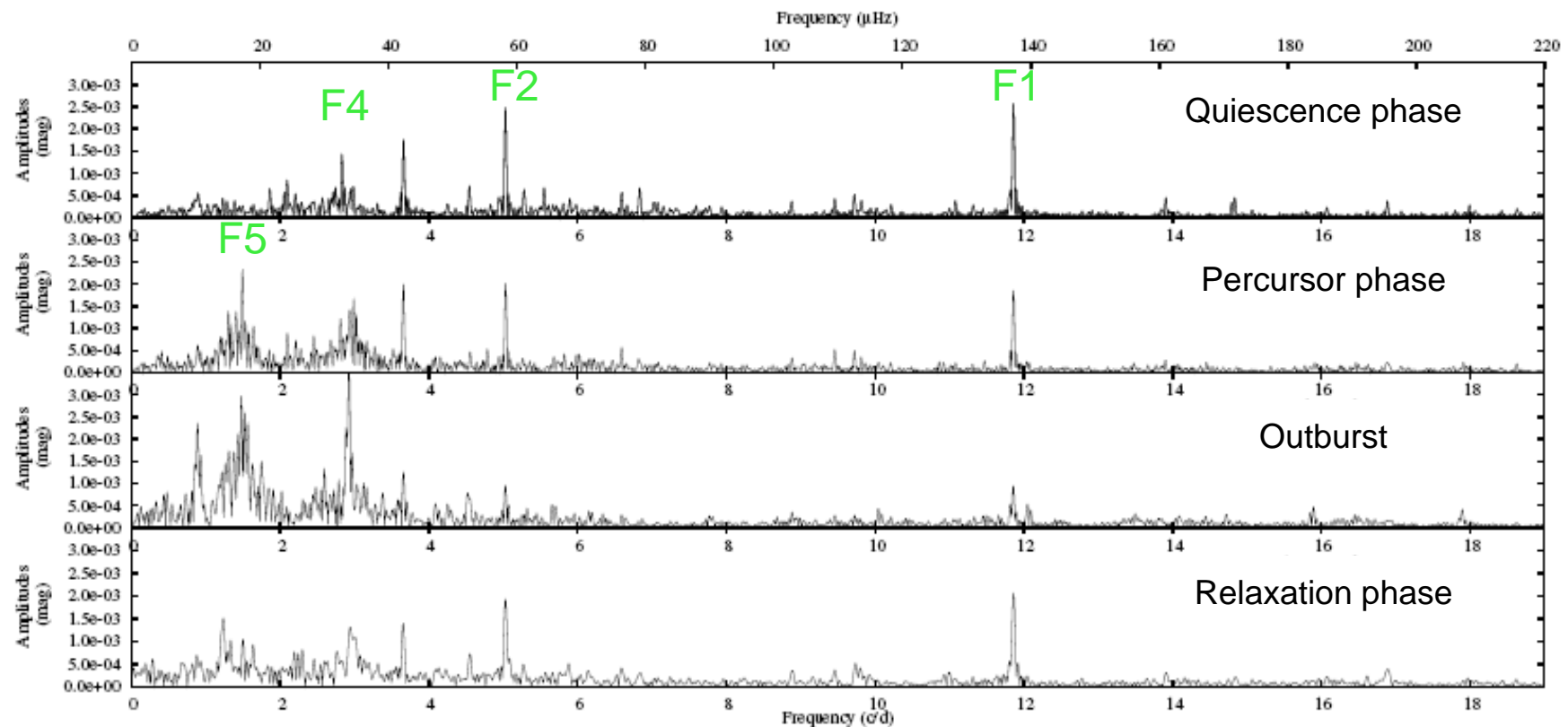
# Global analysis

- **F1 = 11.86 c/d** – 137.22  $\mu\text{Hz}$
- **F2 = 5.03 c/d** – 60.97  $\mu\text{Hz}$
- **F3 = 3.65 c/d** – 42.35  $\mu\text{Hz}$
- **F4 = 2.94 c/d** – 34  $\mu\text{Hz}$
- **F5 = 1.47 c/d** – 17.01  $\mu\text{Hz}$
- **F6 = 0.89 c/d** – 10.30  $\mu\text{Hz}$
- **F7 = 4.55 c/d** – 52.66  $\mu\text{Hz}$
- **F8 = 16.89 c/d** – 195.49  $\mu\text{Hz}$

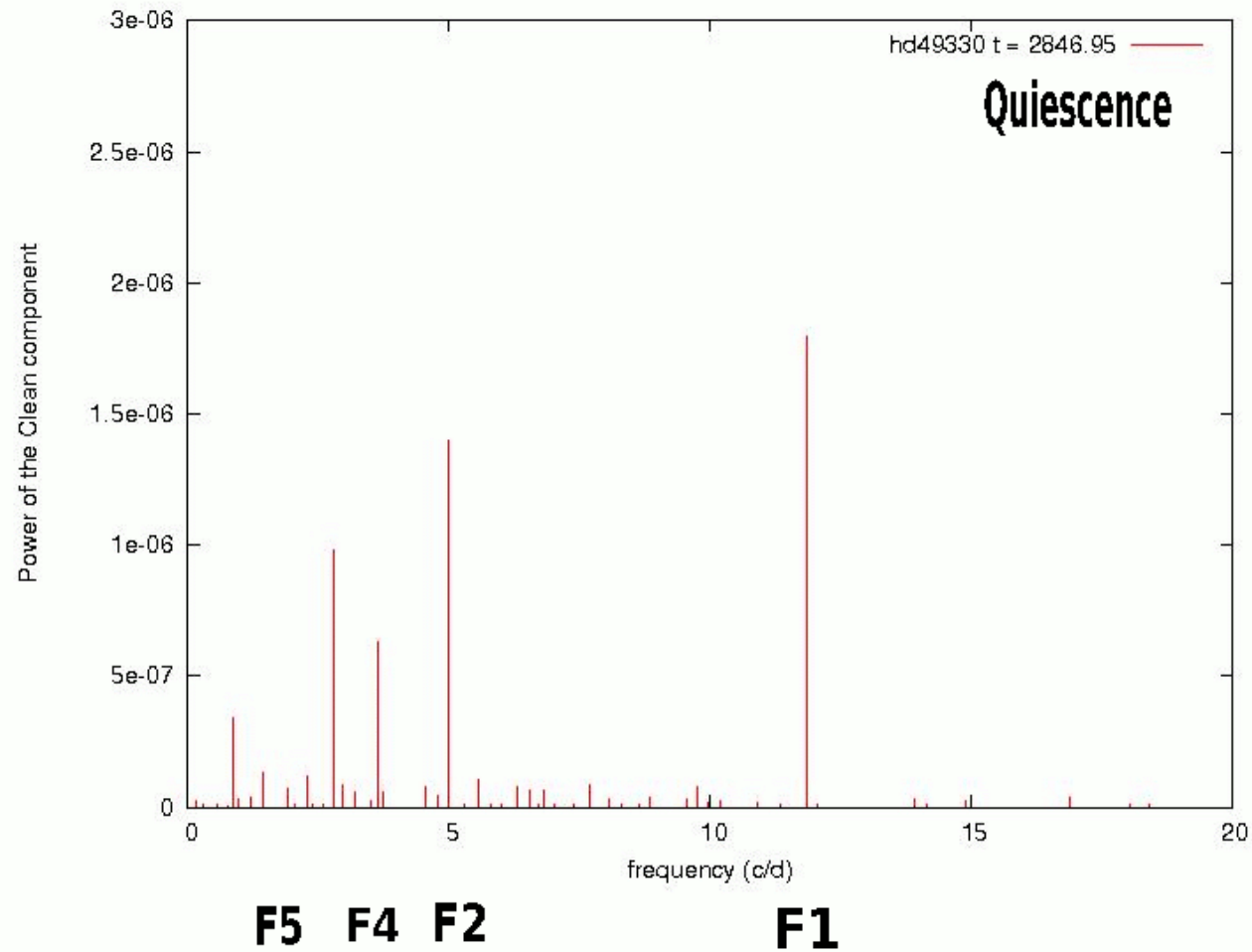


# Analysis by parts

- Evolution of amplitudes
- **Anti-correlated** evolution of F1 and F4 / F5 groups

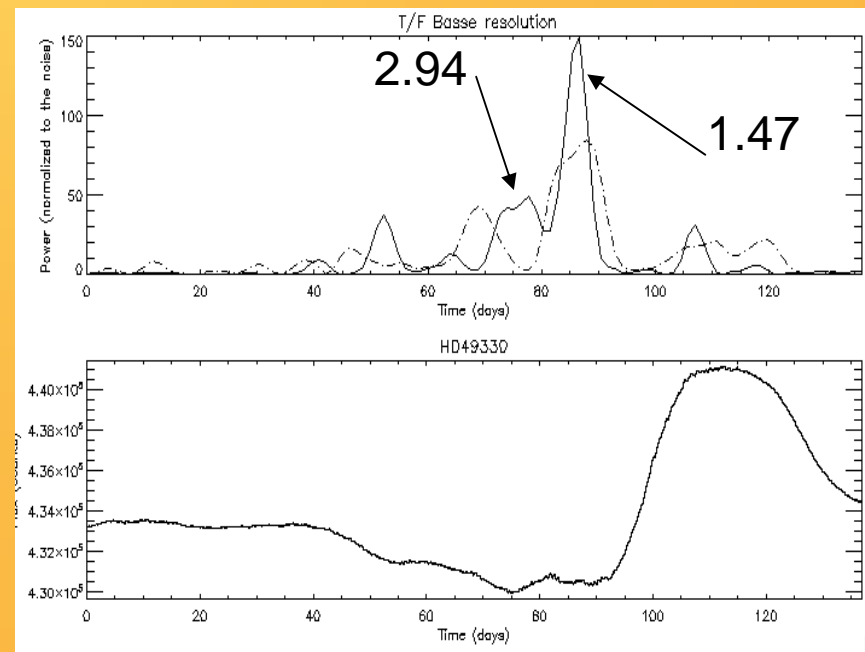
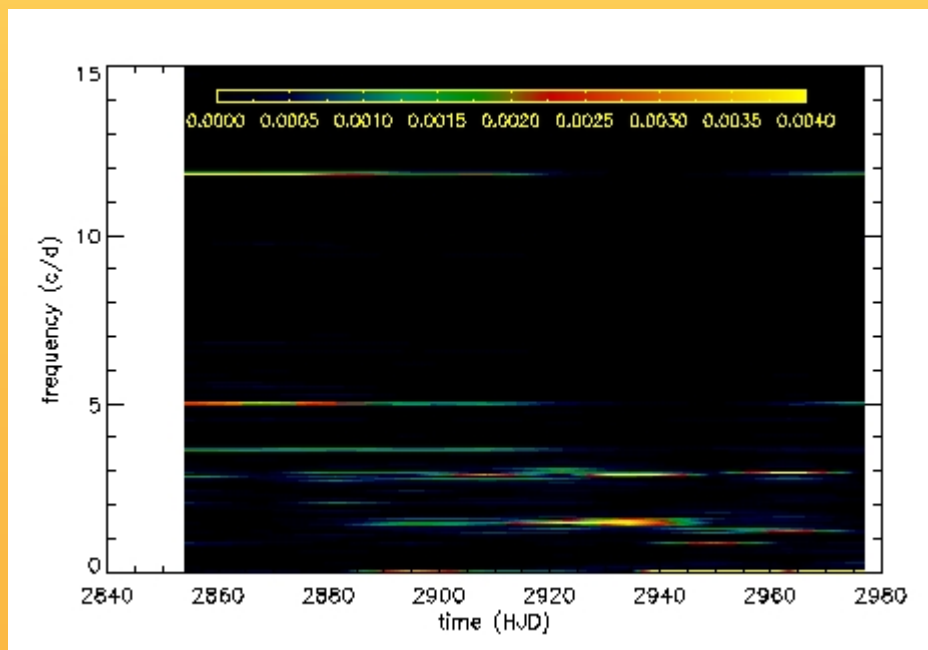


# Time-frequency analysis



# Time-frequency analysis

- 11.86 & 5.03 c/d decrease during outburst
- 1.47 / 2.94 c/d : Oscillations in **anti-phase** then they **synchronize**, then outburst



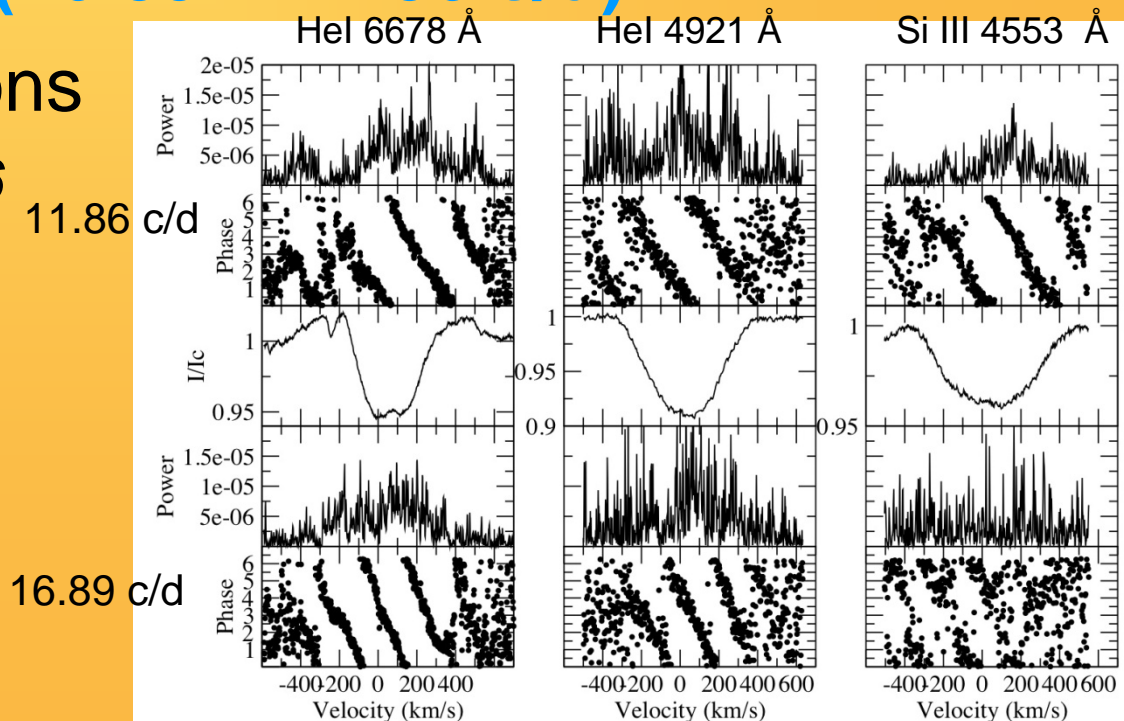
# Spectroscopic analysis

- **Matter outflow** in Dec. 2007 prior to the photometric outburst seen in CoRoT light curve
- **F2 = 5.03 c/d not present** and corresponds exactly to **F8 – F1 (16.89 – 11.86 c/d)**
- Mode identifications

*p modes*  $l \sim 4$  &  $l = 6$

See poster P-VI-69

by Floquet et al.



# Conclusion

- HD 49330 = Very interesting star
- Light curve with an **outburst**
- Photometric and spectroscopic **variations of amplitudes correlated with the outburst**
- **Mode identification** thanks to spectroscopy  
**p & g modes**
- Ongoing **modelling** (see talk by Coralie Neiner)